## Middle California Region USPC Safety Precautions

Precautions when restraining a sedated mount	<ul> <li>In a safe quiet environment such as a stall</li> <li>No food</li> <li>Careful that with torbugesic –horse may walk even when restrained</li> <li>Xylazine – horse may overreact to stimuli and kick</li> </ul>
Describe ways to aid horse cast in stall	<ul> <li>Get a halter on – try to pull him up –with a rope around horses middle – and even use tail to pull away from wall – or turn over away from wall – so can get up</li> <li>Stall may be type that can be dismantled</li> </ul>
What does a mount in poor condition look like? List some possible causes.	<ul> <li>Skinny or overly fat</li> <li>Bad coat –no shine and rough</li> <li>Bad feet – chipped, dry, mushy, cracks, turned up</li> <li>Bad teeth – can't chew food well</li> <li>Open sores</li> <li>Causes: worms, bad pasture – too wet or too dry – lack of good quality food or too much food</li> <li>Lack of grooming and regular care</li> <li>No farrier care</li> </ul>
Discuss possible causes for loading problems	<ul> <li>Horse is unfamiliar with trailer</li> <li>Horse may have been forced in – unkindly</li> <li>Horse may have an accident or bad trailer ride previously</li> <li>Horse may be too big for the trailer</li> <li>Horse may not be able to balance well in trailer –need slant load</li> <li>Horse may be untrained</li> </ul>
Techniques for Loading and Unloading difficult horses	<ul> <li>Open doors and windows –so maximum light and space</li> <li>Swing partition over</li> <li>Hay or grain bribe</li> <li>Walk in straight line toward trailer</li> <li>Single or double lunge line behind butt</li> <li>Lock arms</li> <li>Broom method</li> </ul>

• Leveraged rope